BROCKPORT CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For Year Ended June 30, 2023



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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Education Brockport Central School District, New York

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Brockport Central School District, New York, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Brockport Central School District, New York, as of June 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Brockport Central School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Brockport Central School District's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control—related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, schedule of changes in District's total OPEB liability and related ratio, schedule of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability, schedule of District contributions, and budgetary comparison information on pages 4-11 and 50-54 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Brockport Central School District's basic financial statements. The accompanying supplemental information as listed in the table of contents and schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations, Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The accompanying supplementary information as listed in the table of contents and schedule of expenditures of federal awards is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information as listed in the table of contents and schedule of expenditures of federal awards is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 16, 2023 on our consideration of Brockport Central School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Brockport Central School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Mongel, Metzger, Barn & Co. LLP

Rochester, New York October 16, 2023

Brockport Central School District

Management's Discussion and Analysis

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

The following is a discussion and analysis of the Brockport Central School District's financial performance for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. This section is a summary of the School District's financial activities based on currently known facts, decisions, and/or conditions. It is also based on both the government-wide and fund-based financial statements. The results of the current year are discussed in comparison with the prior year, with an emphasis placed on the current year. This section is only an introduction and should be read in conjunction with the Brockport Central School District's financial statements, which immediately follow this section.

Financial Highlights

At the close of the fiscal year, the total liabilities (what the district owes) exceeded its total assets (what the district owns) by \$71,187,378 (Net Position) an increase of \$17,479,880 from the prior year.

General revenues which include Federal and State Aid and Real Property Taxes accounted for \$89,109,272 or 91.91% of all revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and operating grants and contributions, accounted for \$7,835,639 or 8.09% of total revenues.

As of the close of the fiscal year, the School District's governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$57,373,279, an increase of \$5,887,768 in comparison with the prior year.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the School District's basic financial statements. The School District's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: (1) government-wide financial statements, (2) fund financial statements and (3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains individual fund statements and schedules in addition to the basic financial statements.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the School District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *statement of Net Position* presents information on all of the School District's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as *Net Position*. Over time, increases or decreases in Net Position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the School District is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the government's Net Position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in Net Position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

The *governmental* activities of the School District include instruction, pupil transportation, cost of food sales, general administrative support, community service, and interest on long-term debt.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on the pages immediately following this section as the first two pages of the basic financial statements.

Fund Financial Statements

A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The School District, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance related legal requirements. All the funds of the School District can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the School District's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The School District maintains five individual governmental funds, General Fund, Special Aid Fund, School Lunch Fund, Debt Service Fund and Capital Projects Fund. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general fund, and the capital projects fund which are reported as major funds. Data for the school lunch fund, the debt service fund, and the special aid fund are aggregated into a single column reported as non-major funds.

The School District adopts and voters approve an annual budget for its General Fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the General Fund within the basic financial statements to demonstrate compliance with the budget.

The *Fiduciary Funds* are used to account for assets held by the School District in an agency capacity which accounts for assets held by the School District on behalf of others. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of these funds are *not* available to support the School District's programs.

The financial statements for the governmental and fiduciary funds can be found in the basic financial statement section of this report.

	Major Feature of the District-Wide and Fund Financial Statements								
	Government-Wide	Fund Finar	ncial Statements						
	Statements	Governmental Funds	Fiduciary Funds						
Scope	Entire District (except fiduciary funds)	The activities of the School District that are not proprietary or fiduciary, such as special education, scholarship programs and building maintenance	Instances in which the School District administers resources on behalf of someone else, such as student activities monies						
Required financial statements	Statement of Net Position Statement of activities	Balance sheet Statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance	Statement of fiduciary Net Position statement of changes in fiduciary Net Position						
Accounting basis and measurement focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus						
Type of asset/liability information	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, short-term and long-term	Generally, assets expected to be used up and liabilities that come due during the year or soon thereafter; no capital assets or long-term liabilities included	All assets and liabilities, both short- term and long-term; funds do not currently contain capital assets, although they can						
Type of inflow/outflow information	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year; expenditures when goods or services have been received and the related liability is due and payable	All additions and deductions during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid						

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found following the basic financial statement section of this report.

Government-Wide Statements

The government-wide statements report information about the district as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of Net Position includes all the School District's assets and liabilities. All the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide statements report the District's Net Position and how they have changed. Net Position, the difference between the district's assets and liabilities, is one way to measure the district's financial health or position. Over time, increases or decreases in the District's Net Position are an indicator of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating, respectively. Additional non-financial factors such as changes in the district's property tax base and the condition of the school buildings and facilities must also be considered to assess the district's overall health.

All the District's services are reported in the government-wide financial statements as governmental activities. Most of the District's basic services are included here, such as regular and special education, transportation, and administration. Property taxes, federal and state aid, and investment earnings finance most of these activities.

Financial Analysis of the School District as a Whole

Net Position

The District's combined Net Position was less on June 30, 2023, than they were the year before, decreasing by 19.71% to (\$71,187,378) as shown in table below.

					Total
		Governmen	Percentage		
ASSETS:		<u>2023</u>		<u>2022</u>	Change
Current and Other Assets	\$	67,443,083	\$	88,170,633	-23.51%
Capital Assets		80,797,688		82,260,597	-1.78%
Total Assets	\$	148,240,771	\$	170,431,230	-13.02%
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCE	ç.				
Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$	34,695,095	\$	47,957,269	-27.65%
LIABILITIES:					
Long-Term Debt Obligations	\$	176,869,897	\$	233,465,803	-24.24%
Other Liabilities	Ψ	9,425,432	4	9,832,707	-4.14%
Total Liabilities	\$	186,295,329	\$	243,298,510	-23.43%
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:					
Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$	67,827,915	\$	63,757,247	6.38%
NET POSITION:					
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$	55,367,137	\$	53,422,013	3.64%
Restricted For,	Ψ	33,307,137	Ψ	33,122,013	3.0170
Insurance Reserve		6,715,302		6,715,302	0.00%
Reserve for ERS		11,819,823		10,819,823	9.24%
Capital Reserves		15,471,000		-	#DIV/0!
Other Purposes		13,876,994		25,185,805	-44.90%
Unrestricted		(174,437,634)		(184,810,201)	-5.61%
Total Net Position	\$	(71,187,378)	\$	(88,667,258)	-19.71%

The District's financial position is the product of many factors.

By far, the largest component of the School District's Net Position reflects its investment in capital assets, less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The School District uses these capital assets to provide services to the students and consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the School District's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

Key Changes are as follows:

• The District's OPEB liability has significantly affected the District's Net Position.

Changes in Net Position

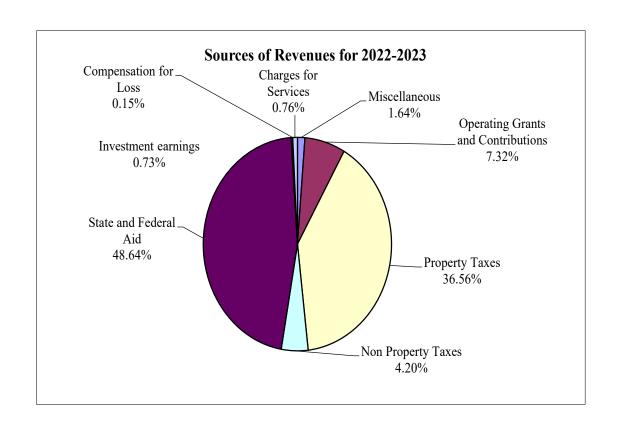
The District's total revenue increased 4.02% to \$96,944,911. Approximately 48.64% of the revenue was from State and Federal Aid sources while 36.56% came from property taxes. The remaining 14.80% of the revenue came from non property taxes, operating grants, charges for services, investment earnings, compensation for loss, and miscellaneous revenues.

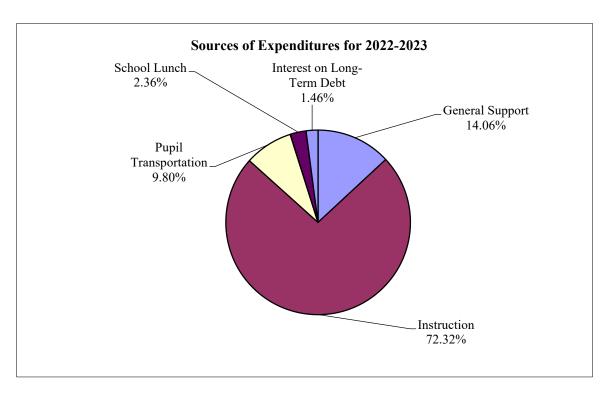
The total cost of all the programs and services decreased 5.07% to \$79,465,031. The district's expenses were predominately related to education and caring for the students. In total approximately 72.32% of all expenses were on educational services. General support which included expenses associated with the operation, maintenance and administration of the district accounted for 14.06% of the total costs. See the table below for further details:

				Total	
		Governmen	Percentage		
		<u>2023</u>		2022	Change
REVENUES:					
<u>Program -</u>					
Charges for Services	\$	737,481	\$	177,280	316.00%
Operating Grants & Contributions		7,098,158		8,487,384	-16.37%
Total Program	\$	7,835,639	\$	8,664,664	-9.57%
<u>General -</u>		_		_	
Property Taxes	\$	35,440,269	\$	34,369,067	3.12%
Non-Property Taxes		4,069,645		4,120,743	-1.24%
State and Federal Aid		47,156,730		44,801,843	5.26%
Investment Earnings		711,806		124,366	472.35%
Compensation for Loss		137,230		35,086	291.12%
Miscellaneous		1,593,592		1,079,589	47.61%
Total General	\$	89,109,272	\$	84,530,694	5.42%
TOTAL REVENUES	\$	96,944,911	\$	93,195,358	4.02%
EXPENSES:					
General Support	\$	11,174,760	\$	11,438,409	-2.30%
Instruction		57,472,081		61,309,678	-6.26%
Pupil Transportation		7,783,470		7,804,786	-0.27%
School Lunch		1,875,459		1,866,014	0.51%
Interest on Long-Term Debt		1,159,261		1,293,315	-10.37%
TOTAL EXPENSES	\$	79,465,031	\$	83,712,202	-5.07%
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	\$	17,479,880	\$	9,483,156	

Key Changes are as follows:

- The District received additional sales tax revenue as online purchases has increased.
- The District received less grant funding due to ESSER and CRRSA.





Financial Analysis of the School District's Funds

The financial performance of the District is reflected in its general fund. As the District completed the year, its governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$52,847,692 which is more than last year's ending fund balance of \$45,156,707. A summary of the General Fund balance classifications is shown below:

General Fund Balances:	<u>2023</u>		<u>2022</u>		<u>Variance</u>
Nonspendable	\$ 1,197,788	\$	1,330,892	\$	(133,104)
Restricted	44,904,553		36,992,676		7,911,877
Assigned	3,049,348		3,256,439		(207,091)
Unassigned	 3,696,003		3,576,700		119,303
Total General Fund Balances	\$ 52,847,692	\$	45,156,707	\$	7,690,985

The District appropriated funds from the following reserves, components of restricted fund balance shown above, for the 2023-24 budget:

Workers' Compensation	\$ 50,000
Bus Capital Reserve	609,000
Retirement Contribution	 1,600,000
Total	\$ 2,259,000

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The difference between the original budget and the final amended budget was \$11,346. This change is attributable to donations.

The key factors for budget variances in the general fund are listed below along with explanations for each.

Revenue Items	Budget Variance	Explanation for Budget Variance
		Monroe County sales tax has been higher than
Non-Property Taxes	\$769,645	anticipated.
		The District had additional revenue for lottery aid
BOCES/Lottery Aid	\$1,723,535	and BOCES aid
Expenditure Items	Budget Variance	Explanation for Budget Variance
		The District continued to use grant funds which
Teaching Reg/Spec Ed	\$2,610,681	offset part of the general fund expense
		Efficiencies in benefit negotiations and lower than
Benefits	\$2,935,122	expected health insurance increase

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

By the end of the 2022-2023 fiscal year, the District had invested \$79,944,417 in a broad range of capital assets, including land, buildings and improvements, and machinery and equipment. The change in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, is reflected below:

	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>
Land	\$ 1,311,148	\$ 1,311,148
Work in Progress	2,490,657	445,451
Buildings and Improvements	66,226,647	69,822,203
Machinery and Equipment	 7,915,965	 7,956,781
Total	\$ 77,944,417	\$ 79,535,583

Long-Term Debt

At year end, the District had \$176,181,768 in general obligation bonds and other long-term debt as follows:

<u>Type</u>	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>
Serial Bonds	\$ 26,045,000	\$ 29,550,000
OPEB Liabilty**	140,576,499	203,298,519
Net Pension Liability	9,106,564	-
Other Long Term Debt	235,000	280,000
Retainage Payable	92,815	217,684
Compensated Absences	 125,890	 119,600
Total Long-Term Obligations	\$ 176,181,768	\$ 233,465,803

Factors Bearing on the District's Future

The state comptroller has advised all participating employers that billing from the New York State Employees' Retirement System, beginning with the February 2024 billing period (April 2023 through March 2024), would be 13.1% of eligible payroll.

The New York State Teachers' Retirement System has also indicated that the rate to be used to calculate the TRS expenditures for the 2023-24 fiscal year will be 9.76% of eligible salaries. This expenditure for 2023-2024 will be 5.2% lower than the expenditure incurred in 2022-2023.

Request for Information

The financial report is designed to provide district residents, taxpayers, parents, students, investors and creditors with a general overview of the district's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to:

Brockport Central School District Attention: Darrin Winkley Assistant Superintendent for Business 40 Allen Street Brockport, New York 14420

Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2023

ASSETS \$ 60,130,872 Accounts receivable 6,057,987 Inventories 56,436 Prepaid items 1,197,788 Capital Assets: Land 1,311,148 Work in progress 2,490,657 Other capital assets (net of depreciation) 76,995,883 TOTAL ASSETS \$ 148,240,771 Deferred outflows of resources Deferred outflows of resources Accounts payable \$ 34,695,095 Accounts payable \$ 2,213,734 Account payable \$ 2,213,734 Account payable \$ 2,513,734 Account payable \$ 2,213,734 Account payable \$ 3,579,294 Due to teachers' retirement system \$ 2,511,881 Due to teachers' retirement system \$ 1,042,162 Long-Term Obligations: \$ 172,869,897
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Statement of Activities

For The Year Ended June 30, 2023

Functions/Programs Primary Government -	<u>Expenses</u>	Program Charges for Services	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position Governmental Activities					
General support	\$ 11,174,760	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (11,174,760)				
Instruction	57,472,081	21,926	5,633,851	(51,816,304)				
Pupil transportation	7,783,470	-1,>20	-	(7,783,470)				
School lunch	1,875,459	715,555	1,464,307	304,403				
Interest	1,159,261			(1,159,261)				
Total Primary Government	\$ 79,465,031	\$ 737,481	\$ 7,098,158	\$ (71,629,392)				
	\$ 35,440,269 4,069,645 47,156,730 711,806 137,230							
	1,593,592							
	\$ 89,109,272							
	\$ 17,479,880							
	Net Position, Begi	nning of Year		(88,667,258)				
	Net Position, End of Year							

Balance Sheet

Governmental Funds

June 30, 2023

		General		Special Aid		Capital Projects		Nonmajor vernmental	G	Total overnmental
ASSETS		Fund		Fund		Fund		Funds		Funds
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	55,997,387	\$	110,869	\$	2,263,874	\$	1,758,742	\$	60,130,872
Receivables		4,449,374		1,506,304		-		102,309		6,057,987
Inventories		-		-		-		56,436		56,436
Due from other funds		2,686,640		25,518		2,795,333		466,550		5,974,041
Prepaid items		1,197,788								1,197,788
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	64,331,189	\$	1,642,691	\$	5,059,207	\$	2,384,037	\$	73,417,124
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANC	EES									
<u>Liabilities</u> -										
Accounts payable	\$	1,256,968	\$	599,486	\$	355,857	\$	1,423	\$	2,213,734
Accrued liabilities		3,229,137		373,819		-		32,581		3,635,537
Due to other funds		2,885,239		609,915		2,478,887		-		5,974,041
Due to other governments		-		-		-		2,650		2,650
Due to TRS		2,711,881		-		-		-		2,711,881
Due to ERS		358,110		-		-		21,191		379,301
Other liabilities		1,042,162		-		-		-		1,042,162
Unearned revenue				59,471		-		25,068		84,539
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	11,483,497	\$	1,642,691	\$	2,834,744	\$	82,913	\$	16,043,845
Fund Balances -										
Nonspendable	\$	1,197,788	\$	-	\$	-	\$	56,436	\$	1,254,224
Restricted		44,904,553		-		2,224,463		1,461,367		48,590,383
Assigned		3,049,348		-		-		783,321		3,832,669
Unassigned		3,696,003		-		-		-		3,696,003
TOTAL FUND BALANCE	\$	52,847,692	\$	-	\$	2,224,463	\$	2,301,124	\$	57,373,279
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND										
FUND BALANCES	\$	64,331,189	\$	1,642,691	\$	5,059,207	\$	2,384,037		
	Amoun	ts reported for	gove	rnmental acti	vities i	in the				
	Statem	ent of Net Posi	tion a	re different b	ecause	:				
	Capital	assets/right to u	ise ass	ets used in gov	ernme	ntal activities a	re not	financial resou	rces	
	and the	efore are not re	ported	in the funds.						80,797,688
	Interest	is accrued on o	utstan	ding bonds in t	he stat	tement of net p	osition	1		
	but not	in the funds.								(43,757)
	The foll	owing long-terr	n oblig	gations are not	due ar	nd payable in th	ne			
	current	period and there	efore a	re not reported	l in the	governmental	funds	:		
	Seria	bonds payable								(26,045,000)
	Retai	nage								(92,815)
	OPE	3								(140,576,499)
	Comp	ensated absence	es							(125,890)
	Retire	ement incentive								(235,000)
	Defe	red outflow - p	ension	l						19,133,485
	Defe	red outflow - C	PEB							15,561,610
	Net p	ension liability								(9,106,564)
		red inflow - pe								(1,706,883)
	Defe	red inflow - OI	PEB							(66,121,032)
Net Position of Governmental Activities \$ (71,187,378)										(71,187,378)

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

For The Year Ended June 30, 2023

		General <u>Fund</u>		Special Aid <u>Fund</u>		Capital Projects <u>Fund</u>		Nonmajor vernmental <u>Funds</u>	Go	Total overnmental <u>Funds</u>
REVENUES	Φ	25 440 260	Φ.		Ф		Φ.		Φ.	25 440 260
Real property taxes and tax items	\$	35,440,269	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	35,440,269
Non-property taxes		4,069,645		-		-		-		4,069,645
Charges for services		22,022		61,554		-		10.052		83,576
Use of money and property		701,553		_		-		10,253		711,806
Sale of property and compensation for loss		137,230		_		-		204.660		137,230
Miscellaneous		1,384,323		1 202 020		-		204,660		1,588,983
State sources		46,689,513		1,282,039		-		33,576		48,005,128
Federal sources		467,217		4,290,258		-		1,430,731		6,188,206
Sales	Φ.			- - - - -	Φ.	-	Φ.	715,555	Φ.	715,555
TOTAL REVENUES	\$	88,911,772	\$	5,633,851	\$			2,394,775		96,940,398
EXPENDITURES										
General support	\$	9,240,354	\$	368,835	\$	-	\$	-	\$	9,609,189
Instruction		40,049,862		5,171,861		-		-		45,221,723
Pupil transportation		4,986,910		144,241		1,084,226		_		6,215,377
Employee benefits		20,735,710		86,377		_		296,366		21,118,453
Debt service - principal		3,505,000		_		-		-		3,505,000
Debt service - interest		1,164,488		_		-		-		1,164,488
Cost of sales		-		_		-		900,846		900,846
Other expenses		-		-		-		834,768		834,768
Capital outlay						2,487,395		-		2,487,395
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$	79,682,324	\$	5,771,314	\$	3,571,621	\$	2,031,980	\$	91,057,239
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES										
OVER EXPENDITURES	\$	9,229,448	\$	(137,463)	\$	(3,571,621)	\$	362,795	\$	5,883,159
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)										
Transfers - in	\$	-	\$	137,463	\$	1,401,000	\$	-	\$	1,538,463
Transfers - out		(1,538,463)		-		=		-		(1,538,463)
Premium on obligations issued								4,609		4,609
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING										
SOURCES (USES)	\$	(1,538,463)	\$	137,463	\$	1,401,000	\$	4,609	\$	4,609
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	7,690,985	\$	-	\$	(2,170,621)	\$	367,404	\$	5,887,768
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING										
OF YEAR		45,156,707				4,395,084		1,933,720		51,485,511
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR	\$	52,847,692	\$		\$	2,224,463	\$	2,301,124	\$	57,373,279

Reconciliation of Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in

Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to Statement of Activities

For The Year Ended June 30, 2023

NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES -TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

\$ 5,887,768

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. The following are the amounts by which capital outlays and additions of assets in excess depreciation in the current period:

Capital Outlay	\$ 2,391,911
Additions to Assets, Net	2,334,678
Depreciation	(6,189,498)

(1,462,909)

Bond proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term obligations in the Statement of Net Position. Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term obligations in the Statement of Net Position. The following details these items as they effect the governmental activities:

Debt Repayments

3,505,000

In the Statement of Activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds, whereas in governmental funds, an interest expenditure is reported when due.

5,227

The retainage liability does not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, is not reported as an expenditure in the governmental funds.

124,869

The net OPEB liability does not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, is not reported as an expenditure in the governmental funds.

11,550,266

(Increase) decrease in proportionate share of net pension asset/liability reported in the Statement of Activities do not provide for or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues or expenditures in the governmental funds

Teachers' Retirement System	(945,780)
Employees' Retirement System	(1,223,271)

In the Statement of Activities, vacation pay, teachers' retirement incentive and judgments and claims are measured by the amount accrued during the year. In the governmental funds, expenditures for these items are measured by the amount actually paid. The following provides the differences of these items as presented in the governmental activities:

Compensated Absences	\$ (6,290)
Retiree Incentives	45,000

38,710

CHANGE IN NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

\$ 17,479,880

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position June 30, 2023

ASSETS		Custodial <u>Funds</u>
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	185,136
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	185,136
NET POSITION		
Restricted for individuals, organizations and other governments	\$	185,136
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$	185,136

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position For The Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Custodial	
	Funds	
ADDITIONS		
Student activity	\$	375,506
TOTAL ADDITIONS	\$	375,506
DEDUCTIONS		
Student activity	\$	377,677
TOTAL DEDUCTIONS	\$	377,677
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	\$	(2,171)
NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR		187,307
NET POSITION, END OF YEAR	\$	185,136

Notes To The Basic Financial Statements

June 30, 2023

I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of the Brockport Central School District, New York (the District) have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the District's accounting policies are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

The Brockport Central School District is governed by the laws of New York State. The District is an independent entity governed by an elected Board of Education consisting of seven members. The President of the Board serves as the chief fiscal officer and the Superintendent is the chief executive officer. The Board is responsible for, and controls all activities related to public school education within the District. Board members have authority to make decisions, power to appoint management, and primary accountability for all fiscal matters.

The reporting entity of the District is based upon criteria set forth by GASB Statement 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity*, as amended by GASB Statement 39, *Component Units* and GASB Statement No. 61, *The Financial Reporting Entity*. The financial reporting entity consists of the primary government, organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

The District is not a component unit of another reporting entity. The decision to include a potential component unit in the District's reporting entity is based on several criteria including legal standing, fiscal dependency, and financial accountability. Based on the application of these criteria, the following is a brief review of certain entities included in the District's reporting entity.

1. Extraclassroom Activity Funds

The extraclassroom activity funds of the District represent funds of the students of the District. The Board of Education exercises general oversight of these funds. The extraclassroom activity funds are independent of the District with respect to its financial transactions, and the designation of student management. Separate audited financial statements (cash basis) of the extraclassroom activity funds can be found at the District's business office. The District accounts for assets held as an agency for various student organizations in an agency fund.

B. Joint Venture

The District is a component of the Monroe II BOCES. The BOCES is a voluntary, cooperative association of school districts in a geographic area that shares planning, services, and programs which provide educational and support activities. There is no authority or process by which a school district can terminate its status as a BOCES component.

BOCES are organized under §1950 of the New York State Education Law. A BOCES Board is considered a corporate body. Members of a BOCES Board are nominated and elected by their component member boards in accordance with provisions of §1950 of the New York State Education Law. All BOCES property is held by the BOCES Board as a corporation (§1950(6)). In addition, BOCES Boards also are considered municipal corporations to permit them to contract with other municipalities on a cooperative basis under §119-n(a) of the New York State General Municipal Law.

A BOCES' budget is comprised of separate budgets for administrative, program, and capital costs. Each component school district's share of administrative and capital cost is determined by resident public school district enrollment as defined in Education Law, Section 1950(4)(b)(7). In addition, component districts pay tuition or a service fee for programs in which its students participate.

During the year, the District was billed \$13,164,792 for BOCES administrative and program costs.

The District's share of BOCES aid amounted to \$4,414,342.

Financial statements for the BOCES are available from the BOCES administrative office.

C. Basis of Presentation

1. Districtwide Statements

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities present financial information about the District's governmental activities. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government in its entirety, except those that are fiduciary. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal transactions. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, state aid, intergovernmental revenues, and other exchange and non-exchange transactions. Operating grants include operating-specific and discretionary (either operating or capital) grants, while the capital grants column reflects capital specific grants.

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between program expenses and revenues for each function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with and are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expenses, principally employee benefits, are allocated to functional areas in proportion to the payroll expended for those areas. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs, and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

2. Fund Statements

The fund statements provide information about the District's funds, including fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category (governmental and fiduciary) are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

The District reports the following governmental funds:

a. Major Governmental Funds

<u>General Fund</u> - This is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial transactions that are not required to be accounted for in another fund.

Special Aid Fund - This fund accounts for the proceeds of specific revenue sources, such as federal and state grants, that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. These legal restrictions may be imposed either by governments that provide the funds, or by outside parties.

<u>Capital Projects Fund</u> - Used to account for the acquisition construction or major repair of capital facilities.

b. <u>Nonmajor Governmental</u> - The other funds which are not considered major are aggregated and reported as nonmajor governmental funds as follows:

<u>School Lunch Fund</u> - Used to account for transactions of the District's lunch, breakfast and milk programs.

<u>**Debt Service Fund**</u> - This fund accounts for the accumulation of resources and the payment of principal and interest on long-term obligations for governmental activities.

<u>Miscellaneous Special Revenue Fund</u> – used to account for and report those revenues that are restricted or committed to expenditures for specified purposes.

c. <u>Fiduciary</u> - Fiduciary activities are those in which the District acts as trustee or agent for resources that belong to others. These activities are not included in the District-wide financial statements, because their resources do not belong to the District, and are not available to be used.

<u>Custodial Funds</u> - These funds are strictly custodial in nature and do not involve the measurement of results of operations. Assets are held by the District as agent for various student groups or extraclassroom activity funds.

D. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as current financial resources or economic resources. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

The District-Wide and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash transaction takes place. Non-exchange transactions, in which the District gives or receives value without directly receiving or giving equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants and donations. On an accrual basis revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

The fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The District considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within one year after the end of the fiscal year.

Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

E. **Property Taxes**

Real property taxes are levied annually by the Board of Education no later than September 1, and become a lien on August 16, 2022. Taxes are collected during the period September 1 to October 31, 2022.

Uncollected real property taxes are subsequently enforced by the Counties in which the District is located. The Counties pay an amount representing uncollected real property taxes transmitted to the Counties for enforcement to the District no later than the following April 1.

F. Restricted Resources

When an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available, the District's policy concerning which to apply first varies with the intended use, and with associated legal requirements, many of which are described elsewhere in these notes.

G. Interfund Transactions

The operations of the District include transactions between funds. These transactions may be temporary in nature, such as with interfund borrowing. The District typically loans resources between funds for the purpose of providing cash flow. These interfund receivables and payables are expected to be repaid within one year. Permanent transfers of funds include the transfer of expenditures and revenues to provide financing or other services.

In the District-wide statements, the amounts reported on the Statement of Net Position for interfund receivables and payables represent amounts due between different fund types (governmental activities and fiduciary funds). Eliminations have been made for all interfund receivables and payables between the funds.

The governmental funds report all interfund transactions as originally recorded. Interfund receivables and payables may be netted on the accompanying governmental funds balance sheet when it is the District's practice to settle these amounts at a net balance based upon the right of legal offset.

Refer to Note VI for a detailed disclosure by individual fund for interfund receivables, payables, expenditures, and revenues activity.

H. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Estimates and assumptions are made in a variety of areas, including computation of encumbrances, compensated absences, potential contingent liabilities and useful lives of long-lived assets.

I. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The District's cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

New York State Law governs the District's investment policies. Resources must be deposited in FDIC-insured commercial banks or trust companies located within the State. Permissible investments include obligations of the United States Treasury, United States Agencies, repurchase agreements and obligations of New York State or its localities.

Collateral is required for demand and time deposits and certificates of deposit not covered by FDIC insurance. Obligations that may be pledged as collateral are obligations of the United States and its agencies and obligations of the State and its municipalities and Districts.

J. Receivables

Receivables are shown gross, with uncollectible amounts recognized under the direct write-off method.

In addition, the District will report a receivable relating to a lease arrangement. The receivable is recorded at the present value of the future payments and recognized over the life of the lease.

K. Inventory and Prepaid Items

Inventories of food and/or supplies for school lunch are recorded at cost on a first-in, first-out basis or, in the case of surplus food, at stated value which approximates market. Purchases of inventoriable items in other funds are recorded as expenditures at the time of purchase, and are considered immaterial in amount.

Prepaid items represent payments made by the District for which benefits extend beyond year end. These payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the District-wide and fund financial statements. These items are reported as assets on the statement of net position or balance sheet using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amounts is recorded at the time of purchase and an expense/expenditure is reported in the year the goods or services are consumed.

A non-spendable fund balance for these non-liquid assets (inventories and prepaid items) has been recognized to signify that a portion of fund balance is not available for other subsequent expenditures.

L. Capital Assets

In the District-wide financial statements, capital assets are accounted for at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual is unavailable, except for donated capital assets which are recorded at their acquisition value at the date of donation.

Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets is recorded as an allocated expense in the Statement of Activities, with accumulated depreciation reflected in the Statement of Net Position. Depreciation is provided over the assets' estimated useful lives using the straight-line method of depreciation. A capitalization threshold of \$5,000 is used to report capital assets. The range of estimated useful lives by type of assets is as follows:

	Cap	italization	Depreciation	Estimated
<u>Class</u>	<u>Tł</u>	reshold	Method	Useful Life
Buildings	\$	50,000	SL	15-50 Years
Machinery and Equipment	\$	5,000	SL	5-25 Years

The investment in infrastructure type assets have not been segregated for reporting purposes since all costs associated with capital projects are consolidated and reported as additions to buildings and improvements.

M. Right To Use Assets

The District-wide financial statements, right-to-use-assets are reported within the major class of the underlying asset and valued at the future minimum lease payment. Amortization is between 3 and 5 years based on the contract terms and/or estimated replacement of the assets.

N. Unearned Revenue

The District reports unearned revenues on its Statement of Net Position and its Balance Sheet. On the Statement of Net Position, unearned revenue arises when resources are received by the District before it has legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received prior to incurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when the District has legal claim to resources, the liability for unearned revenue is removed and revenue is recognized.

O. Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the Statement of Net Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expenses/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

P. Vested Employee Benefits

1. Compensated Absences

Compensated absences consist of unpaid accumulated annual sick leave, vacation, and sabbatical time.

Sick leave eligibility and accumulation is specified in negotiated labor contracts, and in individual employment contracts. Upon retirement, resignation or death, employees may contractually receive a payment based on unused accumulated sick leave.

Certain District employees are granted vacation in varying amounts, based primarily on length of service and service position. Some earned benefits may be forfeited if not taken within varying time periods.

Consistent with GASB Statement 16, Accounting for Compensated Absences, the liability has been calculated using the vesting/termination method and an accrual for that liability is included in the District-wide financial statements. The compensated absences liability is calculated based on the pay rates in effect at year end.

In the funds statements only the amount of matured liabilities is accrued within the General Fund based upon expendable and available financial resources. These amounts are expensed on a pay-as-you-go basis.

Q. Other Benefits

District employees participate in the New York State Employees' Retirement System and the New York State Teachers' Retirement System.

In addition to providing pension benefits, the District provides post-employment health coverage to retired employees in accordance with the provision of various employment contracts in effect at the time of retirement. Substantially all of the District's employees may become eligible for these benefits if they reach normal retirement age while working for the District. Health care benefits are provided through plans whose premiums are based on the benefits paid during the year. The cost of providing post-retirement benefits may be shared between the District and the retired employee. The District recognizes the cost of providing health insurance by recording its share of insurance premiums as an expenditure.

R. <u>Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations</u>

Payables, accrued liabilities, and long-term obligations are reported in the district-wide financial statements. In the governmental funds, payables and accrued liabilities are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources. Claims and judgments, other postemployment benefits payable and compensated absences that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the funds financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment in the current year. Bonds and other long-term obligations that will be paid from governmental funds are recognized as a liability in the fund financial statements when due.

Long-term obligations represent the District's future obligations or future economic outflows. The liabilities are reported as due in one year or due within more than one year in the Statement of Net Position.

S. Equity Classifications

1. <u>District-Wide Statements</u>

In the District-wide statements there are three classes of net position:

- **a.** <u>Net Investment in Capital Assets</u> consists of net capital assets (cost less accumulated depreciation) reduced by outstanding balances of related debt obligations from the acquisition, constructions or improvements of those assets.
- **b.** Restricted Net Position reports net position when constraints placed on the assets or deferred outflows of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

On the Statement of Net Position the following balances represent the restricted for other purposes:

	Total
Workers' Compensation	\$ 3,216,596
Unemployment Costs	2,471,300
Retirement Contribution - TRS	2,445,953
Scholarships	226,424
Tax Certiorari	868,646
Capital Projects	1,517,199
Debt	1,234,943
Liability	1,770,043
Employee Benefit Accrued Liability	125,890
Total Net Position - Restricted for	
Other Purposes	\$ 13,876,994

c. <u>Unrestricted Net Position</u> - reports the balance of net position that does not meet the definition of the above two classifications. The reported deficit of \$174,437,634 at year end is the result of GASB #75 regarding retiree health obligations.

2. Fund Statements

In the fund basis statements there are five classifications of fund balance:

a. <u>Non-spendable Fund Balance</u> – Includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Non-spendable fund balance includes:

	<u>Total</u>
Inventory in School Lunch	\$ 56,436
Prepaid Items	 1,197,788
Total Nonspendable Fund Balance	\$ 1,254,224

b. Restricted Fund Balances – Includes amounts with constraints placed on the use of resources either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. All encumbrances of funds other than the general fund are classified as restricted fund balance. The District has established the following restricted fund balances:

<u>Capital Reserve</u> - According to Education Law §3651, must be used to pay the cost of any object or purpose for which bonds may be issued. The creation of a capital reserve fund requires authorization by a majority of the voters establishing the purpose of the reserve, the ultimate amount, its probable term and the source of the funds. Expenditures may be made from the reserve only for a specific purpose further authorized by the voters. The form for required legal notice for the vote on establishing and funding the reserve and the form of the proposition to be placed on the ballot are set forth in §3651 of the Education Law. The Reserve is accounted for in the General Fund under restricted fund balance. Year end balances are as follows:

Name	Maximum	Total Funding	Total Year to Date
of Reserve	Funding	Provided	Balance
2021 Building Capital Reserve	\$ 7,500,000	\$ 7,500,000	\$ 7,500,000
2021 Bus Purchase Reserve *	\$ 2,400,000	\$ 2,400,000	\$ 1,971,000
2023 Building Capital Reserve	\$ 14,700,000	\$ 5,000,000	\$ 5,000,000
2023 Bus Purchase Reserve	\$ 7,300,000	\$ 1,000,000	\$ 1,000,000

^{*} On May 16, 2013 the voters approved the use of \$609,000 for the bus purchase reserve

Reserve for Debt Service - According to General Municipal Law §6-1, the Reserve for Debt Service must be established for the purpose of retiring the outstanding obligations upon the sale of District property or capital improvement that was financed by obligations that remain outstanding at the time of the sale. Also, earnings on project monies invested together with unused proceeds are reported here.

Employee Benefit Accrued Liability Reserve - According to General Municipal Law §6-p, must be used for the payment of accrued employee benefits due to an employee upon termination of the employee's service. This reserve may be established by a majority vote of the Board and is funded by budgetary appropriations and such other reserves and funds that may be legally appropriated.

<u>Teachers' Retirement Reserve</u> – General Municipal Law §6r was amended to include a Teachers' Retirement Reserve (TRS) sub-fund. The reserve has an annual funding limit of 2% of the prior year TRS salaries and a maximum cumulative total balance of 10% of the previous year's TRS salary.

Insurance Reserve - According to General Municipal Law §6-n, must be used to pay liability, casualty and other types of losses, except losses incurred for which the following types of insurance may be purchased: life, accident, health, annuities, fidelity and surety, credit, title residual value and mortgage guarantee. In addition, this reserve may not be used for any purpose for which a special reserve may be established pursuant to law (for example, for unemployment compensation insurance). The reserve may be established by Board action, and funded by budgetary appropriation, or such other funds as may be legally appropriated. There is no limit on the amount that may be accumulated in the Insurance Reserve, however, the annual contribution to this reserve may not exceed the greater of \$33,000 or 5% of the budget. Settled or compromised claims up to \$25,000 may be paid from the reserve without judicial approval.

<u>Tax Certiorari Reserve</u> - According to General Municipal Law §3651.1-a, must be used to establish a reserve fund for tax certiorari claims and to expend from the fund without voter approval. The monies held in the reserve shall not exceed the amount which might reasonably be deemed necessary to meet anticipated judgments and claims arising out of tax certiorari proceedings. Any resources deposited to the reserve which are not expended for tax certiorari proceeding in the year such monies are deposited must be returned to the General Fund on or before the first day of the fourth fiscal year after deposit of these monies.

<u>Unemployment Insurance Reserve</u> - According to General Municipal Law §6-m, must be used to pay the cost of reimbursement to the State Unemployment Insurance Fund for payments made to claimants where the employer has elected to use the benefit reimbursement method. The reserve may be established by Board action and is funded by budgetary appropriations and such other funds as may be legally appropriated. Within sixty days after the end of any fiscal year, excess amounts may either be transferred to another reserve or the excess applied to the appropriations of the next succeeding fiscal year's budget. If the District elects to convert to tax (contribution) basis, excess resources in the fund over the sum sufficient to pay pending claims may be transferred to any other reserve fund.

<u>Workers' Compensation Reserve</u> - According to General Municipal Law §6-j, must be used to pay for compensation benefits and other expenses authorized by Article 2 of the Workers' Compensation Law, and for payment of expenses of administering this self-insurance program. The reserve may be established by Board action and is funded by budgetary appropriations and such other funds as may be legally appropriated. Within sixty days after the end of any fiscal year, excess amounts may either be transferred to another reserve or the excess applied to the appropriations of the next succeeding fiscal year's budget.

<u>Liability Reserve</u> - According to General Municipal Law §1709(8)(c), must be used to pay for property loss and liability claims incurred. Separate funds for property loss and liability claims are required, and this reserve may not in total exceed 3% of the annual budget or \$15,000, whichever is greater.

<u>Retirement Contribution Reserve</u> - According to General Municipal Law §6-r, must be used for financing retirement contributions. The reserve must be accounted for separate and apart from all other funds and a detailed report of the operation and condition of the fund must be provided to the Board.

Encumbrances - Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments of expenditures are recorded for budgetary control purposes in order to reserve applicable appropriations, is employed as a control in preventing over-expenditure of established appropriations. Open encumbrances are reported as restricted fund balance in all funds other than the General Fund and School Lunch Fund, since they do not constitute expenditures or liabilities and will be honored through budget appropriations in the subsequent year.

Restricted fund balances include the following:

	<u>Total</u>
General Fund -	
Workers' Compensation	\$ 3,216,596
Unemployment Costs	2,471,300
Retirement Contribution - ERS	11,819,823
Retirement Contribution - TRS	2,445,953
Insurance	6,715,302
Tax Certiorari	868,646
Liability	1,770,043
Capital Reserves	15,471,000
Employee Benefit Accrued Liability	125,890
Capital Fund -	
2020-21 Buses	134
2022-23 Buses	145,774
Emergency Transportation Bus Lift	183,790
2020-21 \$100,000 Project	4,516
2021-2022 \$100,000 Project	29,396
2022-2023 \$100,000 Project	100,000
2017 District Reconstuction	707,130
2016-17 Wiring Project	764,751
2021 District Reconstruction	288,972
Miscellaneous Special Revenue Fund -	
Scholarships	199,318
AP Exams	27,106
<u>Debt Service Fund -</u>	
Debt Service	1,234,943
Total Restricted Fund Balance	\$ 48,590,383

The District appropriated and/or budgeted funds from the following reserves for the 2023-24 budget:

	<u>Total</u>
Workers' Compensation	\$ 50,000
Retirement Contribution - ERS	1,600,000
Capital Reserve	609,000
Debt	451,710
Total	\$ 2,710,710

- **c.** <u>Committed</u> Includes amounts that can only be used for the specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the school districts highest level of decision making authority, i.e., the Board of Education. The District has no committed fund balances as of June 30, 2023.
- **d.** Assigned Fund Balance Includes amounts that are constrained by the District's intent to be used for specific purposes but are neither restricted nor committed. All encumbrances of the General Fund are classified as assigned fund balance. Encumbrances represent purchase commitments made by the District's purchasing agent through their authorization of a purchase order prior to year-end. The District assignment is based on the functional level of expenditures.

Management has determined significant encumbrances for the General Fund to be \$112,000, Capital Projects Fund to be \$8,000, and Special Aid Fund to be \$13,000. The District had the following significant encumbrances:

<u>General Fund -</u>	
General Support	\$ 124,356
Capital Projects Fund -	
Capital Improvements	\$ 233,505

Assigned fund balances include the following:

	<u>Total</u>
General Fund - Encumbrances	\$ 258,074
General Fund - Appropriated for Taxes	2,791,274
School Lunch Fund - Year End Equity	783,321
Total Assigned Fund Balance	\$ 3,832,669

e. <u>Unassigned Fund Balance</u> – Includes all other general fund amounts that do not meet the definition of the above four classifications and are deemed to be available for general use by the school district and could report a surplus or deficit. In funds other than the general fund, the unassigned classification is used to report a deficit fund balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted or assigned.

NYS Real Property Tax Law 1318 limits the amount of unexpended surplus funds a school district can retain to no more than 4% of the District's budget for the general fund for the ensuing fiscal year. Non-spendable and restricted fund balance of the general fund are excluded from the 4% limitation. Amounts appropriated for the subsequent year and encumbrances are also excluded from the 4% limitation.

3. Order of Use of Fund Balance

The District's policy is to apply expenditures against non-spendable fund balance, restricted fund balance, committed fund balance, assigned fund balance, and unassigned fund balance at the end of the fiscal year. For all funds, non-spendable fund balances are determined first and then restricted fund balances for specific purposes are determined. Any remaining fund balance amounts for funds other than the general fund are classified as restricted fund balance. In the general fund, the remaining amounts are reported as unassigned. Assignments of fund balance cannot cause a negative unassigned fund balance.

T. New Accounting Standards

The District has adopted all current Statements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) that are applicable. At June 30, 2023, the District implemented the following new standards issued by GASB:

GASB has issued Statement No. 91, Conduit Debt Obligations.

GASB has issued Statement No. 93, Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates, Paragraph 11b.

GASB has issued Statement No. 96, Subscription Based Information Technology.

GASB has issued Statement No. 99, Omnibus 2022 (leases, PPPs, and SBITAs).

U. Future Changes in Accounting Standards

GASB has issued Statement No. 100, Accounting for Changes and Error Corrections-an Amendment of GASB Statement No. 62, which will be effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2023.

GASB has issued Statement No. 101, *Compensated Absences*, which will be effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2023.

The District will evaluate the impact each of these pronouncements may have on its financial statements and will implement them as applicable and when material.

II. Changes in Accounting Principles

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the District implemented GASB Statement No. 96, *Subscription Based Information Technology Arrangements (SBITA)*. The implementation of the statement changes the reporting for SBITAs. There was no financial statement impact for the implementation of the Statement.

III. Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability

By its nature as a local government unit, the District is subject to various federal, state, and local laws and contractual regulations. An analysis of the District's compliance with significant laws and regulations and demonstration of its stewardship over District resources follows.

A. Budgets

The District administration prepares a proposed budget for approval by the Board of Education for the General Fund.

The voters of the District approved the proposed appropriation budget.

Appropriations established by adoption of the budget constitute a limitation on expenditures (and encumbrances) which may be incurred. Appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal year unless expended or encumbered. Encumbrances will lapse if not expended in the subsequent year. Appropriations authorized for the current year are increased by the planned use of specific reserves, and budget amendments approved by the Board of Education as a result of selected new revenue sources not included in the original budget (when permitted by law). These supplemental appropriations may occur subject to legal restriction, if the Board approves them because of a need which exists which was not determined at the time the budget was adopted. During the 2022-2023 year, the budget was amended \$246,250 for carryover encumbrances and \$11,346 for donations.

Budgets are adopted annually on a basis consistent with GAAP. Appropriations authorized for the year are increased by the amount of encumbrances carried forward from the prior year.

Budgets are established and used for individual capital projects fund expenditures as approved by a special referendum of the District's voters. The maximum project amount authorized is based primarily upon the cost of the project, plus any requirements for external borrowings, not annual appropriations. These budgets do not lapse and are carried over to subsequent fiscal years until the completion of the projects.

B. Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting is used for budget control and monitoring purposes and is reported as a part of the governmental funds. Under this method, purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded to reserve applicable appropriations. Outstanding encumbrances as of year-end are presented as reservations of fund balance and do not represent expenditures or liabilities. These commitments will be honored in the subsequent period. Related expenditures are recognized at that time, as the liability is incurred, or the commitment is paid.

C. Deficit Net Position

The District-wide net position had a deficit at June 30, 2023 of \$71,187,378. The deficit is the result of the implementation of GASB Statement 75, "Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions", which required the recognition of an unfunded liability of \$140,576,499 at June 30, 2023. Since New York State Laws provide no mechanism for funding the liability, the subsequent accruals are expected to increase the deficit.

IV. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Credit risk: In compliance with the State Law, District investments are limited to obligations of the United States of America, obligations guaranteed by agencies of the Unites States of America where the payment of principal and interest are guaranteed by the United States of America, obligations of the State, time deposit accounts and certificates of deposit issued by a bank or trust company located in, and authorized to do business in, the State, and obligations issued by other municipalities and authorities within the State.

Concentration of Credit risk: To promote competition in rates and service cost, and to limit the risk of institutional failure, District deposits and investments are placed with multiple institutions. The District's investment policy limits the amounts that may be deposited with any one financial institution.

Interest rate risk: The District has an investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates.

The District's aggregate bank balances (disclosed in the financial statements), included balances not covered by depository insurance at year end, collateralized as follows:

Total	\$ 60,500,776
Collateralized within Trust Department or Agent	 38,428,957
Financial Institution	22,071,819
Collateralized with Securities held by the Pledging	
Uncollateralized	\$ -

Restricted cash represents cash where use is limited by legal requirements. These assets represent amounts required by statute to be reserved for various purposes. Restricted cash as of year-end includes \$48,590,383 within the governmental funds and \$185,136 in the fiduciary funds.

V. Receivables

Receivables at June 30, 2023 for individual major funds and non-major funds, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

		Governmental Activities						
	General		General Special Aid		Non-Major			
Description	Fund		Fund		Funds		<u>Total</u>	
Accounts Receivable	\$	11,925	\$	21,402	\$	5,423	\$	38,750
Due From State and Federal	1	1,333,861		1,484,902		96,886		2,915,649
Due From Other Governments	3	3,103,588		-		-		3,103,588
Total Receivables	\$ 4	1,449,374	\$	1,506,304	\$	102,309	\$	6,057,987

VI. Interfund Receivables, Payables, Revenues and Expenditures

Interfund Receivables, Payables, Revenues and Expenditures at June 30, 2023 were as follows:

	Interfund							
	Receivables	Payables	Revenues	Expenditures				
General Fund	\$ 2,686,640	\$ 2,885,239	\$ -	\$ 1,538,463				
Special Aid Fund	25,518	609,915	137,463	-				
Capital Projects Fund	2,795,333	2,478,887	1,401,000					
Non-Major Funds	466,550							
Total	\$ 5,974,041	\$ 5,974,041	\$ 1,538,463	\$ 1,538,463				

Interfund receivables and payables between governmental activities are eliminated on the Statement of Net Position. The District typically loans resources between funds for the purpose of mitigating the effects of transient cash flow issues. All interfund payables are not necessarily expected to be repaid within one year.

Transfers are used to finance certain special aid programs, support capital project expenditures, school lunch programs and debt service expenditures.

VII. Capital Assets and Lease Assets

A. Capital Assets

Capital asset balances and activity were as follows:

<u>Type</u>	Balance 7/1/2022		Additions		Deletions		Balance <u>6/30/2023</u>	
Governmental Activities:								
Capital Assets that are not Depreciated -								
Land	\$	1,311,148	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,311,148
Work in progress		445,451		2,362,526		317,320		2,490,657
Total Nondepreciable	\$	1,756,599	\$	2,362,526	\$	317,320	\$	3,801,805
Capital Assets that are Depreciated -		_		<u> </u>		_		
Buildings and Improvements	\$	128,561,040	\$	221,836	\$	-	\$	128,782,876
Machinery and equipment		19,198,313		1,458,665		1,160,055		19,496,923
Total Depreciated Assets	\$	147,759,353	\$	1,680,501	\$	1,160,055	\$	148,279,799
Less Accumulated Depreciation -								
Buildings and Improvements	\$	58,738,837	\$	3,817,392	\$	-	\$	62,556,229
Machinery and equipment		11,241,532		1,149,867		810,441		11,580,958
Total Accumulated Depreciation	\$	69,980,369	\$	4,967,259	\$	810,441	\$	74,137,187
Total Capital Assets Depreciated, Net								
of Accumulated Depreciation	\$	77,778,984	\$	(3,286,758)	\$	349,614	\$	74,142,612
Total Capital Assets	\$	79,535,583	\$	(924,232)	\$	666,934	\$	77,944,417

B. <u>Lease Assets</u>

A summary of the lease asset activity during the year ended June 30, 2023 is as follows:

<u>7/1/2022</u> <u>Additions</u> <u>Deletions</u> <u>6/30/2023</u>
\$ 5,444,457 \$ 1,350,496 \$ 683,758 \$ 6,111,195
\$ 5,444,457 \$ 1,350,496 \$ 683,758 \$ 6,111,195
\$ 2,719,443 \$ 1,222,239 \$ 683,758 \$ 3,257,924
\$ 2,719,443 \$ 1,222,239 \$ 683,758 \$ 3,257,924
\$ 2,725,014 \$ 128,257 \$ - \$ 2,853,271
\$ 5,444,457 \$ 1,350,496 \$ 683,758 \$ 6,111 \$ 2,719,443 \$ 1,222,239 \$ 683,758 \$ 3,257 \$ 2,719,443 \$ 1,222,239 \$ 683,758 \$ 3,257

C. Other capital assets (net depreciation and amortization):

Total Other Capital Assets, net	\$ 76,995,883
Amortized Lease Assets, net	 2,853,271
Depreciated Capital Asssets, net	\$ 74,142,612

(VII.) (Continued)

D. Depreciation/Amortization expense for the period was charged to functions/programs as follows:

Governmental Activities:	Depreciation	Amortization	Total
General Government Support	\$ 279,017	\$ -	\$ 279,017
Instruction	3,389,739	1,222,239	4,611,978
Pupil Transportation	1,259,991	=	1,259,991
School Lunch	38,512	<u> </u>	38,512
Total Depreciation and			
Amortization Expense	\$ 4,967,259	\$ 1,222,239	\$ 6,189,498

VIII. Long-Term Debt Obligations

Long-term liability balances and activity for the year are summarized below:

	Balance 7/1/2022	Additions	Deletions	Balance <u>6/30/2023</u>	Due Within <u>One Year</u>
Governmental Activities:					
Bonds and Notes Payable -					
Serial Bonds	\$ 29,550,000	\$ -	\$ 3,505,000	\$ 26,045,000	\$ 3,185,000
Total Bonds and Notes Payable	\$ 29,550,000	\$ -	\$ 3,505,000	\$ 26,045,000	\$ 3,185,000
Other Liabilities -					
Net Pension Liability	\$ -	\$ 9,106,564	\$ -	\$ 9,106,564	\$ -
OPEB	203,298,519	-	62,722,020	140,576,499	-
Retirement Incentives	280,000	-	45,000	235,000	-
Retainage Payable	217,684	-	124,869	92,815	92,815
Compensated Absences	119,600	6,290		125,890	34,056
Total Other Liabilities	\$ 203,915,803	\$ 9,112,854	\$ 62,891,889	\$ 150,136,768	\$ 126,871
Total Long-Term Obligations	\$ 233,465,803	\$ 9,112,854	\$ 66,396,889	\$ 176,181,768	\$ 3,311,871

The General Fund has typically been used to liquidate long-term liabilities such as compensated absences.

Existing serial and statutory bond obligations:

<u>Description</u> Serial Bonds -	Original <u>Amount</u>				Interest <u>Rate</u>	Amount Outstandin <u>6/30/2023</u>	
Construction	\$	1,065,000	2013	2026	2.25%-3.00%	\$	265,000
Construction	\$	15,830,000	2015	2030	2.00%-3.25%		8,045,000
Refunding	\$	2,290,000	2018	2040	1.125%-4.000%		365,000
Refunding	\$	6,465,000	2018	2024	2%-5%		5,790,000
Buses	\$	1,275,000	2020	2024	2%-3%		285,000
Construction	\$	12,830,000	2020	2035	5.00%		10,255,000
Buses	\$	1,060,000	2020	2025	5.00%		445,000
Buses	\$	1,095,000	2021	2026	2.00%		595,000
Total Serial Bonds						\$	26,045,000

(VIII.) (Continued)

The following is a summary of debt service requirements:

	Serial Bonds						
<u>Year</u>	Principal	<u>Interest</u>					
2024	\$ 3,185,000	\$ 1,040,287					
2025	2,670,000	923,938					
2026	2,525,000	825,638					
2027	2,150,000	729,537					
2028	2,235,000	645,038					
2029-33	8,650,000	1,921,000					
2034-38	3,760,000	464,637					
2039-40	870,000	42,575					
Total	\$ 26,045,000	\$ 6,592,650					

In prior years, the District defeased certain general obligations and other bonds by placing the proceeds of new bonds in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future debt service payments on the old bonds. Accordingly, the trust account assets and the liability for the defeased bonds are not included in the District's financial statements. \$6,030,000 of bonds outstanding are considered defeased.

Interest on long-term debt for June 30, 2023 was composed of:

Total Long-Term Interest Expense	\$ 1,159,261
Plus: Interest Accrued in the Current Year	43,757
Less: Interest Accrued in the Prior Year	(48,984)
Interest Paid	\$ 1,164,488

IX. Deferred Inflows/Outflows of Resources

The following is a summary of the deferred inflows/outflows of resources:

	Deferred	Deferred		
	Outflows	<u>Inflows</u>		
Pension	\$ 19,133,485	\$ 1,706,883		
OPEB	15,561,610	66,121,032		
Total	\$ 34,695,095	\$ 67,827,915		

X. Pension Plans

A. General Information

The District participates in the New York State Teachers' Retirement System (TRS) and the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System (ERS). These are cost-sharing multiple employer public employee retirement systems. The Systems offer a wide range of plans and benefits, which are related to years of service and final average salary, vesting of retirement benefits, death, and disability.

B. Provisions and Administration

A 10-member Board of Trustees of the New York State Teachers' Retirement Board administers TRS. TRS provides benefits to plan members and beneficiaries as authorized by the Education Law and the New York State Retirement and Social Security Law (NYSRSSL). Membership is mandatory and automatic for all full-time teachers, teaching assistants, guidance counselors and administrators employed in New York Public Schools and BOCES who elected to participate in TRS. Once a public employer elects to participate in the system, the election is irrevocable. The New York State Constitution provides that pension membership is a contractual relationship and plan benefits cannot be diminished or impaired. Benefits can be changed for future members only by enactment of a State statute. TRS issues a publicly available financial report that contains financial statements and required supplementary information. The report may be obtained by writing to NYSTRS, 10 Corporate Woods Drive, Albany, New York 12211-2395 or by referring to the TRS Comprehensive Annual Financial report, which can be found on the System's website at www.nystrs.org.

ERS provides retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits. The net position of the System is held in the New York State Common Retirement Fund (the Fund), which was established to hold all net assets and record changes in plan net position allocated to the System. The Comptroller of the State of New York serves as the trustee of the Fund and is the administrative head of the System. NYSRSSL govern obligations of employers and employees to contribute, and benefits to employees. Once a public employer elects to participate in the System, the election is irrevocable. The New York State Constitution provides that pension membership is a contractual relationship and plan benefits cannot be diminished or impaired. Benefits can be changed for future members only by enactment of a State statute. The District also participates in the Public Employees' Group Life Insurance Plan (GLIP), which provides death benefits in the form of life insurance. The System is included in the State's financial report as a pension trust fund. ERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to NYSERS, Office of the State Comptroller, 110 State Street, Albany, New York 12244 or by referring to the ERS Comprehensive Annual Report, which can be found at www.osc.state.ny.us/retire/publications/index.php.

C. Funding Policies

The Systems are noncontributory except for employees who joined after July 27, 1976, who contribute 3 percent of their salary for the first ten years of membership, and employees who joined on or after January 1, 2010 who generally contribute 3.0 to 3.5 percent of their salary for their entire length of service. In addition, employee contribution rates under ERS tier VI vary based on a sliding salary scale. For TRS, contribution rates are established annually by the New York State Teachers' Retirement Board pursuant to Article 11 of the Education Law. For ERS, the Comptroller annually certifies the actuarially determined rates expressly used in computing the employers' contributions for the ERS' fiscal year ended March 31. The District paid 100% of the required contributions as billed by the TRS and ERS for the current year.

(X.) (Continued)

The District's share of the required contributions, based on covered payroll paid for the District's year ended June 30, 2023:

Contributions		<u>ERS</u>	<u>TRS</u>			
2023	\$	1,083,763	\$ 2,711,881			

D. <u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows</u> of Resources related to Pensions

At June 30, 2023, the District reported the following asset/(liability) for its proportionate share of the net pension asset/(liability) for each of the Systems. The net pension asset/(liability) was measured as of March 31, 2023 for ERS and June 30, 2022 for TRS. The total pension asset/(liability) used to calculate the net pension asset/(liability) was determined by an actuarial valuation. The District's proportion of the net pension asset/(liability) was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the Systems relative to the projected contributions of all participating members, actuarially determined. This information was provided by the TRS and ERS Systems in reports provided to the District.

		<u>ERS</u>		<u>TRS</u>
Measurement date	Ma	arch 31, 2023	Ju	ine 30, 2022
Net pension assets/(liability)	\$	(6,457,144)	\$	(2,649,420)
District's portion of the Plan's total				
net pension asset/(liability)		0.030%		0.138%

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the District recognized pension expense of \$2,328,085 for ERS and \$3,458,171 for TRS. At June 30, 2023 the District's reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows			Deferred Inflows				
	of Resources				of Resources			
		ERS		TRS		<u>ERS</u>		TRS
Differences between expected and								
actual experience	\$	687,736	\$	2,776,257	\$	181,341	\$	53,090
Changes of assumptions		3,136,005		5,139,427		34,659		1,067,261
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan								
investments		-		3,423,302		37,935		-
Changes in proportion and differences between the District's contributions and								
proportionate share of contributions		369,162		708,741		225,493		107,104
Subtotal	\$	4,192,903	\$	12,047,727	\$	479,428	\$	1,227,455
District's contributions subsequent to the								
measurement date		379,301		2,513,554				
Grand Total	\$	4,572,204	\$	14,561,281	\$	479,428	\$	1,227,455

(X.) (Continued)

District contributions subsequent to the measurement date which will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year	ERS	<u>TRS</u>
2023	\$ -	\$ 2,078,018
2024	886,292	1,207,324
2025	(327,243)	(283,366)
2026	1,354,533	6,837,429
2027	1,799,893	917,237
Thereafter	-	63,630
Total	\$ 3,713,475	\$ 10,820,272

E. Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability as of the measurement date was determined by using an actuarial valuation as noted in the table below, with update procedures used to roll forward the total pension liability to the measurement date. The actuarial valuations used the following actuarial assumptions:

	<u>ERS</u>	<u>TRS</u>
Measurement date	March 31, 2023	June 30, 2022
Actuarial valuation date	April 1, 2022	June 30, 2021
Interest rate	5.90%	6.95%
Salary scale	4.50%	5.18%-1.95%
Decrement tables	April 1, 2016- March 31, 2020 System's Experience	July 1, 2015- June 30, 2020 System's Experience
Inflation rate	2.90%	2.40%
COLA's	1.50%	1.30%

For ERS, annuitant mortality rates are based on April 1, 2016 – March 31, 2020 System experience with adjustments for mortality improvements based on the Society of Actuaries' Scale MP-2021. For TRS, annuitant mortality rates are based on plan member experience adjustments for mortality improvements based on Society of Actuaries Scale MP-2021.

The long-term rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns net of investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of the arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the target asset allocation as of March 31, 2023 are summarized as follows:

Long Term Expected Rate of Return

Long Term Expec	icu itaic oi itciui ii	
	ERS	TRS
Measurement date	March 31, 2023	June 30, 2022
Asset Type -		
Domestic equity	4.30%	6.50%
International equity	6.85%	7.20%
Global equity	0.00%	6.90%
Private equity	7.50%	9.90%
Real estate	4.60%	6.20%
Opportunistic portfolios	5.38%	0.00%
Real assets	5.84%	0.00%
Bonds and mortgages	0.00%	0.60%
Cash	0.00%	-0.30%
Private debt	0.00%	5.30%
Real estate debt	0.00%	2.40%
High-yield fixed income securities	0.00%	3.30%
Domestic fixed income securities	1.50%	1.10%
Global fixed income securities	0.00%	0.00%
Short-term	0.00%	0.00%
Credit	5.43%	0.00%

The real rate of return is net of the long-term inflation assumption of 2.5% for ERS and 2.4% for TRS.

F. <u>Discount Rate</u>

The discount rate used to calculate the total pension liability was 5.90% for ERS and 6.95% for TRS. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially. Based upon the assumptions, the Systems' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

G. Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to the Discount Rate Assumption

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 5.90% for ERS and 6.95% for TRS, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension asset/(liability) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (4.90% for ERS and 5.95% for TRS) or 1-percentage-point higher (6.90% for ERS and 7.95% for TRS) than the current assumption:

		Current	
	1% Decrease	Assumption	1% Increase
<u>ERS</u>	<u>(4.90%)</u>	<u>(5.90%)</u>	<u>(6.90%)</u>
Employer's proportionate			
share of the net pension			
asset (liability)	\$ (15,604,147)	\$ (6,457,144)	\$ 1,186,241
		Current	
	1% Decrease	Assumption	1% Increase
<u>TRS</u>	<u>(5.95%)</u>	<u>(6.95%)</u>	<u>(7.95%)</u>
Employer's proportionate			
share of the net pension			
asset (liability)	\$ (24,428,898)	\$ (2,649,420)	\$ 15,666,977

H. Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

The components of the current year net pension asset/(liability) of the employers as of the respective valuation dates, were as follows:

	(In Thousands)		
	ERS	TRS	
Measurement date	March 31, 2023	June 30, 2022	
Employers' total pension liability	\$ 232,627,259	\$ 133,883,474	
Plan net position	211,183,223	131,964,582	
Employers' net pension asset/(liability)	\$ (21,444,036)	\$ (1,918,892)	
Ratio of plan net position to the			
employers' total pension asset/(liability)	90.78%	98.60%	

I. Payables to the Pension Plan

For ERS, employer contributions are paid annually based on the System's fiscal year which ends on March 31st. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2023 represent the projected employer contribution for the period of April 1, 2023 through June 30, 2023 based on paid ERS wages multiplied by the employer's contribution rate, by tier. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2023 amounted to \$379,301.

(X.) (Continued)

For TRS, employer and employee contributions for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023 are paid to the System in September, October and November 2023 through a state aid intercept. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2023 represent employee and employer contributions for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023 based on paid TRS wages multiplied by the employer's contribution rate, by tier and employee contributions for the fiscal year as reported to the TRS System. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2023 amounted to \$2,711,881.

XI. Postemployment Benefits

A. General Information About the OPEB Plan

Plan Description – The District's defined benefit OPEB plan, provides OPEB for all permanent full-time general and public safety employees of the District. The plan is a single employer defined benefit OPEB plan administered by the District. Article 11 of the State Compiled Statutes grants the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms and financing requirements to the District Board. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of Statement 75.

Benefits Provided – The District provides healthcare and life insurance benefits for retirees and their dependents. The benefit terms are dependent on which contract each employee falls under. The specifics of each contract are on file at the District offices and are available upon request.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms – At March 31, 2023, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefit payments	828
Active Employees	623
Total	1451

B. Total OPEB Liability

The District's total OPEB liability of \$140,576,499 was measured as of March 31, 2023 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs – The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2023 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

(XI.) (Continued)

Inflation 2.53 percent

Salary Increases 3.53 percent, average, including inflation

Discount Rate 3.78 percent

Healthcare Cost Trend Rates Initial rate of 5.50% increasing to an ultimate rate of 4.00%

Retirees' Share of Benefit-Related Costs Varies depending on contract

The discount rate was based on Fidelity Municipal Go AA-20 Year Bond rate.

Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans Mortality Tables, Headcount-Weighted, distinct for Teachers, General, and Safety, without separate Contingent Survivor mortality, fully generational using scale MP-2021

C. Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

Balance at June 30, 2022	\$	203,298,519
Changes for the Year -		
Service cost	\$	4,552,732
Interest		5,733,008
Changes of benefit terms		(2,925,784)
Differences between expected and actual experience		(38,201,754)
Changes in assumptions or other inputs		(26,608,750)
Benefit payments		(5,271,472)
Net Changes	\$	(62,722,020)
Balance at June 30, 2023		140,576,499

Changes of assumptions and other inputs reflect a change in the discount rate from 2.83 percent as of July 1, 2022 to 3.78 percent, salary scale changed from 3.44% to 5.53%, updated health trend rates and teacher retirement tables to June 30, 2023.

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate – The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current discount rate:

	Discount		
	1% Decrease	Rate	1% Increase
	(2.78%)	<u>(3.78%)</u>	(4.78%)
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 161,802,314	\$ 140,576,499	\$ 123,401,734

(XI.) (Continued)

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates – The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rate:

	Healthcare			
	1% Decrease	Cost Trend Rates	1% Increase	
	(4.50%	(5.50%	(6.50%	
	Decreasing	Decreasing	Decreasing	
	to 3.00%)	to 4.00%)	to 5.00%)	
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 121,780,961	\$ 140,576,499	\$ 164,167,764	

D. <u>OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources</u> Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the District recognized OPEB expense (income) of (\$7,518,378). At June 30, 2023, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	rred Outflows f Resources	erred Inflows f Resources
Differences between expected and		
actual experience	\$ 13,969,891	\$ 32,131,732
Changes of assumptions	273,851	33,989,300
Contributions after measurement date	1,317,868	-
Total	\$ 15,561,610	\$ 66,121,032

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

<u>Year</u>	
2024	\$ (12,817,761)
2025	(11,302,668)
2026	(11,074,371)
2027	(11,074,371)
2028	 (5,608,119)
Total	\$ (51,877,290)

XII. Risk Management

A. General Information

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to injuries to employees, theft, damages, natural disasters, etc. These risks are covered by commercial insurance purchased from independent third parties. Settled claims from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage for the past two years.

B. Health Plan

The District incurs costs related to the Rochester Area School Health Plan (Plan I and Plan II) sponsored by the Board of Cooperative Educational Services, Second Supervisory District of Monroe and Orleans Counties and its component districts.

1. Plan I

The Plans objectives are to formulate, develop and administer a program of insurance to obtain lower costs for that coverage, and to develop a comprehensive loss control program. Membership in the Plan may be offered to any component district of the Monroe #1 and Monroe #2 BOCES with the unanimous approval of the Board of Directors. Voluntary withdrawal from the Plan may be effective only once annually on the last day of the Plans year as may be established by the Board of Directors. Notice of Intention to Withdraw must be given in writing to the Chairman of the Board of Directors and the Treasurer not less than thirty days prior to the end of the Plan year. Plan members bear an equal proportionate share of the Plan's assets and claim liabilities. Pursuant to the Municipal Cooperative Agreement the Plan is a risk sharing pool and all monies paid to the Treasurer shall be pooled and administered as a common fund. No refunds shall be made to a participant and no assessments are charged to a participant other than the annual premium equivalent. If surplus funds exist at the end of any fiscal year, the distribution of such funds shall be determined by the Board of Directors. This Plan's members include seventeen districts and two BOCES with the District bearing an equal proportionate share of the Plan's assets and claim liabilities.

This Plan purchases, on an annual basis, stop-loss insurance policies to limit its exposure for claims paid within any one fiscal year.

This Plan establishes a liability for both reported and unreported insured events, which includes estimates of both future payments of losses and related claim adjustment expenses. However, because actual claims costs depend on complex factors, the process used in computing claims liabilities does not necessarily result in a exact amount. Such claims are based on the ultimate cost of claims (including future claim adjustment expenses) that have been reported but not settled and claims that have been incurred but not reported. Adjustments to claims liabilities are charged or credited to expenses in the periods in which they are made. During the year ended June 30, 2023, the District incurred premiums or contribution expenditures totaling \$1,292,424.

This Plan is audited on an annual basis and is available at the BOCES administrative offices. The most recent audit available for the year ended December 31, 2022, revealed that the Plan was fully funded.

2. Plan II

The District incurs costs related to the Rochester Area School Health Plan II sponsored by the Board of Cooperative Educational services, Second Supervisory District of Monroe and Orleans Counties (Monroe 2- BOCES). The Plan was established as a Municipal Cooperative Agreement under the authorization of Article 5-G of the General Municipal Law in 2004. The plan received a Certificate of Authority to operate as a self-funded plan under Article 47 of the New York State Insurance Law, effective January 1, 2020.

Membership in the Plan may be offered to any component school district of the Monroe 1 BOCES and Monroe 2-BOCES within the geographical boundaries of Monroe County, New York provided that the applicant provides proof of its financial responsibility that is satisfactory to the Board of Directors in its sole discretion, and the applicant is the same type of municipal corporation as the initial Participants. The Plan has full participation from all eligible participants including the two BOCES and seventeen component school districts.

A participant has the right to withdraw from the Plan, but such withdrawal shall be effective only on January 1 of the next Plan Year following the Plan Year in which the participant provides notice. Any withdrawing participant shall be responsible for its pro rata share of any Plan deficit and shall satisfy any other obligation relating to the Participant's membership in the Plan. The withdrawing participant shall not be entitled to share in any Plan surplus.

The Plan is a risk sharing pool and all monies paid to the Treasurer shall be pooled and administered as a common fund. The annual premium equivalent for each coverage option under the Plan is established and approved by a majority of the entire Board of Directors. Each participant is required to contribute to the Plan an amount equal to the Premium Equivalent applicable to the coverage options, under which the participants Enrollees are covered. If surplus funds exist at the end of any fiscal year, the distribution of such funds shall be determined by the Board of Directors.

The Plan establishes a liability for both reported and unreported insured events, which includes estimates of both future payments of losses and related claim adjustment expenses. Such claims estimates are based on the ultimate cost of claims that have been reported but not settled and claims that have been incurred but not reported.

The Plan is audited on an annual basis and is available at the Monroe 2- BOCES administrative offices. The most recent audit available for the year ended December 31, 2022, revealed that the plan was fully funded.

During the year ended June 30, 2023, the District incurred premiums or contribution expenditures totaling \$11,799,860.

C. Workers' Compensation

The District incurs costs related to the Rochester Area School Workers' Compensation Plan (Plan) sponsored by the Board of Cooperative Educational Services, Second Supervisory District of Monroe and Orleans Counties and its component districts. The Plan's objectives are to furnish workers' compensation benefits to participating districts at a significant cost savings. Membership in the Plan may be offered to any component district of the Monroe #1 and Monroe #2 BOCES with the approval of the Board of Directors. Voluntary withdrawal from the Plan may be effective only once annually on the last day of the Plan year as may be established by the Board of Directors. Notice of Intention to Withdraw must be given in writing to the Chairman of the Board of Directors and the Treasurer not less than one year prior to the end of the Plan year.

Plan membership is currently comprised of two BOCES and seventeen districts. If a surplus of participants' assessments exists after the close of a Plan year, the Board may retain from such surplus an amount sufficient to establish and maintain a claim contingency fund. Surplus funds in excess of the amount transferred to or included in such contingency fund shall be applied in reduction of the next annual assessment or to the billing of Plan participants. All monies paid to the Treasurer by participants shall be commingled and administered as a common fund. No refunds shall be made to a participant and no assessments are charged to a participant other than the annual premium equivalent. However, if it appears to the Board of Directors that the liabilities of the Plan will exceed its cash assets, after taking into account any "excess insurance", the Board shall determine the amount needed to meet such deficiency and shall assess such amount against all participants pro-rata per enrollee.

The Plan purchases, on an annual basis, stop-loss insurance policies to limit its exposure for claims paid.

The Plan establishes a liability for both reported and unreported insured events, which includes estimates of both future payments of losses and related claim adjustment expenses. However, because actual claims costs depend on complex factors, the process used in computing claims liabilities does not necessarily result in an exact amount. Such claims are based on the ultimate cost of claims (including future claim adjustment expenses) that have been reported but not settled and claims that have been incurred but not reported.

Adjustments to claims liabilities are charged or credited to expenses in the periods in which they are made. During the year ended June 30, 2023, the District incurred premiums or contribution expenditures totaling \$413,084.

The Plan is audited on an annual basis and is available at the BOCES administrative offices. The most recent audit available for the year ended June 30, 2022, revealed that the Plan was underfunded.

(XII.) (Continued)

D. <u>Unemployment</u>

District employees are entitled to coverage under the New York State Unemployment Insurance Law. The District has elected to discharge its liability to the New York State Unemployment Insurance Fund (the Fund) by the benefit reimbursement method, a dollar-for-dollar reimbursement to the fund for benefits paid from the fund to former employees. The District has established a self-insurance fund to pay these claims. The balance of the fund at June 30, 2023 was \$2,471,300 and is recorded in the General Fund as an Unemployment Insurance Reserve. The District paid \$25,314 in claims during the year. In addition, as of June 30, 2023, no loss contingencies existed or were considered probable or estimable for incurred but not reported claims payable.

E. Dental Fund

The District has a self-insured plan for dental coverage. The plan is administered by a third-party administrator who pays the claims directly to the dentists. The District then reimburses the third-party administrator for the exact amount of the claims paid. The total cost to the District for dental claims during 2022-23 was \$569,358.

XIII. Commitments and Contingencies

A. Litigation

There is one pending claim filed against the District in which the outcome and any potential liability cannot be determined at this time.

B. Grants

The District has received grants, which are subject to audit by agencies of the State and Federal Governments. Such audits may result in disallowances and a request for a return of funds. Based on prior years' experience, the District's administration believes disallowances, if any, will be immaterial.

XIV. Rental Income

The District had rental income from short-term contracts for 2022-23 as follows:

Total	\$ 62,835
Rental Income - Other	 24,291
Rental Income - BOCES	\$ 38,544

XV. <u>Tax Abatement</u>

The County of Monroe Industrial Development Agency enters into various property tax and sales tax abatement programs for the purpose of Economic Development. As a result, the District property tax revenue was reduced \$55,818. The District received payments in lieu of tax (PILOT) payments totaling \$335,426 to help offset the property tax reduction.

BROCKPORT CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK

Schedule of Changes in District's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratio

For The Year Ended June 30, 2023

TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY

			10171	<u>.</u>	LED ELLIDIETT				
		<u>2023</u>	2022		<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	 <u>2018</u>	2017
Service cost	\$	4,552,732	\$ 5,015,702	\$	5,040,390	\$ 5,146,997	\$ 5,494,713	\$ 5,288,548	\$ 4,942,020
Interest		5,733,008	4,596,861		5,195,850	6,747,749	7,404,657	7,136,453	5,786,235
Changes in benefit terms		(2,925,784)	(150,451)		(2,628,031)	(4,707,739)	-	(2,260,004)	-
Differences between expected									
and actual experiences		(38,201,754)	15,214,083		(14,012,031)	(25,574,833)	(22,223,267)	6,030,279	21,412,850
Changes of assumptions or other inputs		(26,608,750)	(18,866,850)		4,381,637	37,229,093	5,678,504	5,307,566	(13,326,178)
Benefit payments		(5,271,472)	(4,958,335)		(5,380,084)	(4,966,543)	(4,395,242)	(4,083,528)	(3,680,010)
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability	\$	(62,722,020)	\$ 851,010	\$	(7,402,269)	\$ 13,874,724	\$ (8,040,635)	\$ 17,419,314	\$ 15,134,917
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning	\$	203,298,519	\$ 202,447,509	\$	209,849,778	\$ 195,975,054	\$ 204,015,689	\$ 186,596,375	\$ 171,461,458
Total OPEB Liability - Ending	\$	140,576,499	\$ 203,298,519	\$	202,447,509	\$ 209,849,778	\$ 195,975,054	\$ 204,015,689	\$ 186,596,375
Covered Employee Payroll	\$	33,031,438	\$ 34,047,004	\$	32,914,737	\$ 33,876,920	\$ 32,820,112	\$ 31,768,572	\$ 31,768,572
Total OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Cov	ered								
Employee Payroll		425.58%	597.11%		615.07%	619.45%	597.12%	642.19%	587.36%

10 years of historical information is not available, and will be added each year subsequent to the year of implementation until 10 years of historical data is present.

BROCKPORT CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK

Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability

For The Year Ended June 30, 2023

NYSERS Pension Plan

	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
Proportion of the net pension liability (assets)	0.0301%	0.0276%	0.0297%	0.0319459%	0.0323528%	0.032799%	0.032679%	0.032775%	0.033048%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (assets)	\$ 6,457,144	\$ (2,257,990)	\$ 29,609	\$ 8,459,456	\$ 2,292,297	\$ 1,058,574	\$ 3,070,562	\$ 5,260,455	\$ 1,116,435
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 9,708,191	\$ 9,097,067	\$ 9,767,225	\$ 10,010,769	\$ 9,940,401	\$ 9,837,210	\$ 9,242,731	\$ 8,889,127	\$ 8,966,179
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (assets) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	66.512%	-24.821%	0.303%	84.504%	23.060%	10.761%	33.221%	59.179%	12.452%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	90.78%	103.65%	99.95%	86.39%	96.27%	98.24%	94.70%	90.70%	97.90%
			NY	STRS Pension P	lan				_
	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
Proportion of the net pension liability (assets)	0.1381%	0.1422%	0.1445%	0.149931%	0.154317%	0.159753%	0.153230%	0.152234%	0.145787%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (assets)	\$ 2,649,420	\$ (24,643,409)	\$ 3,993,853	\$ (3,895,230)	\$ (2,790,454)	\$ (1,214,283)	\$ 1,641,160	\$ (15,812,257)	\$ (16,239,759)
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 24,427,150	\$ 24,459,541	\$ 24,137,377	\$ 25,419,646	\$ 25,289,686	\$ 25,402,162	\$ 25,560,542	\$ 23,911,514	\$ 23,174,084
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (assets) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	10.846%	-100.752%	16.546%	-15.324%	-11.034%	-4.780%	6.421%	-66.128%	-70.077%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total									

10 years of historical information is not available, and will be added each year subsequent to the year of implementation until 10 years of historical data is present.

BROCKPORT CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK

Schedule of District Contributions

For The Year Ended June 30, 2023

NYSERS Pension Plan

			2128	JEILO I CHOICH I					
	<u>2023</u>	2022	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
Contractually required contributions	\$ 1,083,763	\$ 1,417,530	\$ 1,359,501	\$ 1,401,054	\$ 1,422,693	\$ 1,457,349	\$ 1,398,647	\$ 1,589,046	\$ 1,707,159
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	(1,083,763)	(1,417,530)	(1,359,501)	(1,401,054)	(1,422,693)	(1,457,349)	(1,398,647)	(1,589,046)	(1,707,159)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 9,708,191	\$ 9,097,067	\$ 9,767,225	\$ 10,010,769	\$ 9,940,401	\$ 9,837,210	\$ 9,242,731	\$ 8,889,127	\$ 8,966,179
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	11.16%	15.58%	13.92%	14.00%	14.31%	14.81%	15.13%	17.88%	19.04%
			NYS	STRS Pension P	lan				
	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
Contractually required contributions	\$ 2,711,881	\$ 2,571,633	\$ 2,300,292	\$ 2,289,678	\$ 2,783,088	\$ 2,595,865	\$ 3,106,737	\$ 3,279,493	\$ 4,154,102
Contributions in relation to the contractually required									
contribution	(2,711,881)	(2,571,633)	(2,300,292)	(2,289,678)	(2,783,088)	(2,595,865)	(3,106,737)	(3,279,493)	(4,154,102)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 24,427,150	\$ 24,459,541	\$ 24,137,377	\$ 25,419,646	\$ 25,289,686	\$ 25,402,162	\$ 25,560,542	\$ 23,911,514	\$ 23,174,084
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	11.10%	10.51%	9.53%	9.01%	11.00%	10.22%	12.15%	13.72%	17.93%

10 years of historical information is not available, and will be added each year subsequent to the year of implementation until 10 years of historical data is present.

BROCKPORT CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance -

$Budget\ (Non\text{-}GAAP\ Basis)\ and\ Actual\ \text{-}\ General\ Fund$

For The Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Original <u>Budget</u>	Amended <u>Budget</u>	Current Year's <u>Revenues</u>	O	ver (Under) Revised <u>Budget</u>
REVENUES					
Local Sources -					
Real property taxes	\$ 30,991,054	\$ 30,991,054	\$ 30,987,161	\$	(3,893)
Real property tax items	4,313,202	4,313,202	4,453,108		139,906
Non-property taxes	3,300,000	3,300,000	4,069,645		769,645
Charges for services	36,000	36,000	22,022		(13,978)
Use of money and property	119,000	119,000	701,553		582,553
Sale of property and compensation for loss	12,000	12,000	137,230		125,230
Miscellaneous	570,000	581,346	1,384,323		802,977
State Sources -					
Basic formula	34,452,896	34,452,896	34,521,348		68,452
Lottery aid	6,200,000	6,200,000	7,485,014		1,285,014
BOCES	3,975,821	3,975,821	4,414,342		438,521
Textbooks	249,555	249,555	137,570		(111,985)
All Other Aid -					
Computer software	58,776	58,776	106,621		47,845
Library loan	-	-	19,612		19,612
Other aid	-	-	5,006		5,006
Federal Sources	 50,000	 50,000	467,217		417,217
TOTAL REVENUES	\$ 84,328,304	\$ 84,339,650	\$ 88,911,772	\$	4,572,122
Appropriated reserves	\$ 2,079,000	\$ 2,079,000			
Appropriated fund balance	\$ 3,010,189	\$ 3,010,189			
Prior year encumbrances	\$ 246,250	\$ 246,250			
TOTAL REVENUES AND					
APPROPRIATED RESERVES/					
FUND BALANCE	\$ 89,663,743	\$ 89,675,089			

BROCKPORT CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance -

Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual - General Fund

For The Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Current										
		Original		Amended		Year's			_	encumbered	
		Budget		Budget	<u>E</u>	<u>xpenditures</u>	Enc	umbrances		Balances	
EXPENDITURES											
General Support -											
Board of education	\$	31,960	\$	32,171	\$	24,450	\$	-	\$	7,721	
Central administration		295,267		301,076		297,489		-		3,587	
Finance		632,798		709,231		689,057		-		20,174	
Staff		896,407		902,781		871,023		-		31,758	
Central services		7,688,687		6,297,939		5,898,225		124,356		275,358	
Special items		1,309,370		1,463,847		1,460,110		-		3,737	
Instructional -											
Instruction, administration and improvement		2,449,173		2,448,698		2,104,849		41,564		302,285	
Teaching - regular school		20,597,902		22,534,498		21,070,175		22,864		1,441,459	
Programs for children with											
handicapping conditions		11,058,901		11,146,475		9,977,021		232		1,169,222	
Occupational education		1,999,632		2,036,632		1,957,442		-		79,190	
Teaching - special schools		152,240		107,240		106,903		-		337	
Instructional media		2,490,220		2,168,112		1,488,081		11,580		668,451	
Pupil services		3,661,284		3,861,752		3,345,391		13,893		502,468	
Pupil Transportation		6,355,117		5,653,317		4,986,910		43,585		622,822	
Employee Benefits		25,005,298		23,670,832		20,735,710		-		2,935,122	
Debt service - principal		3,505,000		3,505,000		3,505,000		-		-	
Debt service - interest		1,164,487		1,164,488		1,164,488		-		-	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$	89,293,743	\$	88,004,089	\$	79,682,324	\$	258,074	\$	8,063,691	
Other Uses -											
Transfers - out	\$	370,000	\$	1,671,000	\$	1,538,463	\$		\$	132,537	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES AND											
OTHER USES	\$	89,663,743	\$	89,675,089	\$	81,220,787	\$	258,074	\$	8,196,228	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	-	\$	-	\$	7,690,985					
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR		45,156,707		45,156,707		45,156,707					
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR	\$	45,156,707	\$	45,156,707	\$	52,847,692					

Note to Required Supplementary Information:

A reconciliation is not necessary since encumbrances are presented in a separate column on this schedule.

BROCKPORT CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK

Schedule of Change From Adopted Budget To Final Budget And The Real Property Tax Limit

For The Year Ended June 30, 2023

CHANGE FROM ADOPTED BUDGET TO FINAL BUDGET:

FINAL BUDGET	\$ 89,675,089
Donations	 11,346
Budget revisions -	
Original Budget	\$ 89,663,743
Prior year's encumbrances	 246,250
Adopted budget	\$ 89,417,493

SECTION 1318 OF REAL PROPERTY TAX LAW LIMIT CALCULATION:

2023-24 voter approved expenditure budget		\$ 92,400,067
<u>Unrestricted fund balance:</u>		
Assigned fund balance	\$ 3,049,348	
Unassigned fund balance	3,696,003	
Total Unrestricted fund balance	\$ 6,745,351	
Less adjustments:		
Appropriated fund balance	\$ 2,791,274	
Encumbrances included in assigned fund balance	258,074	
Total adjustments	\$ 3,049,348	
General fund fund balance subject to Section 1318 of		
Real Property Tax Law		 3,696,003
ACTUAL PERCENTAGE		 4.00%

BROCKPORT CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

Schedule of Project Expenditures

For The Year Ended June 30, 2023

				Expenditures			N	Methods of Financin	ıg	
	Original	Revised	Prior	Current		Unexpended		Local		Fund
Project Title	Appropriation	Appropriation	Years	Year	<u>Total</u>	Balance	Obligations	Sources	Total	Balance
Buses (2020-21)	\$ 1,133,000	\$ 1,133,000	\$ 1,094,866	\$ -	\$ 1,094,866	\$ 38,134	\$ 1,095,000	\$ -	\$ 1,095,000	\$ 134
Buses (2022-23)	1,230,000	1,230,000	-	1,084,226	1,084,226	145,774	-	1,230,000	1,230,000	145,774
Emergency Transportation Bus Lift	500,000	500,000	-	316,210	316,210	183,790	-	500,000	500,000	183,790
2020-2021 \$100,000 Project	100,000	100,000	95,484	-	95,484	4,516	-	100,000	100,000	4,516
2021-2022 \$100,000 Project	100,000	100,000	-	70,604	70,604	29,396	-	100,000	100,000	29,396
2022-2023 \$100,000 Project	100,000	100,000	-	-	-	100,000	-	100,000	100,000	100,000
2016-2017 Wiring Project	1,000,000	1,000,000	235,249	-	235,249	764,751	-	1,000,000	1,000,000	764,751
2017 District Reconstruction	19,873,000	19,873,000	18,571,034	221,836	18,792,870	1,080,130	15,300,000	4,200,000	19,500,000	707,130
2021 District Reconstruction	11,335,000	11,335,000	132,283	1,878,745	2,011,028	9,323,972		2,300,000	2,300,000	288,972
TOTAL	\$ 35,371,000	\$ 35,371,000	\$ 20,128,916	\$ 3,571,621	\$ 23,700,537	\$ 11,670,463	\$ 16,395,000	\$ 9,530,000	\$ 25,925,000	\$ 2,224,463

BROCKPORT CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK

Combining Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2023

Special

	Revenue Funds			nds			Total
		School	Mis	scellaneous	Debt	N	Vonmajor
		Lunch	Spec	ial Revenue	Service	Go	vernmental
		Fund		Fund	Fund		Funds
ASSETS							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	766,133	\$	218,148	\$ 774,461	\$	1,758,742
Receivables		99,309		3,000	-		102,309
Inventories		56,436		-	-		56,436
Due from other funds				6,068	460,482		466,550
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	921,878	\$	227,216	\$ 1,234,943	\$	2,384,037
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANC	CES						
<u>Liabilities</u> -							
Accounts payable	\$	631	\$	792	\$ -	\$	1,423
Accrued liabilities		32,581		-	-		32,581
Due to other governments		2,650		-	-		2,650
Due to ERS		21,191		-	-		21,191
Unearned revenue		25,068		-	 -		25,068
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	82,121	\$	792	\$ -	\$	82,913
Fund Balances -							
Nonspendable	\$	56,436	\$	-	\$ -	\$	56,436
Restricted		-		226,424	1,234,943		1,461,367
Assigned		783,321		-			783,321
TOTAL FUND BALANCE	\$	839,757	\$	226,424	\$ 1,234,943	\$	2,301,124
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND							
FUND BALANCES	\$	921,878	\$	227,216	\$ 1,234,943	\$	2,384,037

BROCKPORT CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds

For The Year Ended June 30, 2023

Special

		Reven	ue Fu	ınds				Total	
		School	Mi	scellaneous		Debt	N	Nonmajor	
		Lunch	Spe	cial Revenue		Service	Governmental		
	Fund			Fund		Fund	Funds		
REVENUES									
Use of money and property	\$	-	\$	-	\$	10,253	\$	10,253	
Miscellaneous		2,809		201,851		-		204,660	
State sources		33,576		-		-		33,576	
Federal sources		1,430,731		-		-		1,430,731	
Sales		715,555		-				715,555	
TOTAL REVENUES	\$	2,182,671	\$	201,851	_\$_	10,253	\$	2,394,775	
EXPENDITURES									
Employee benefits	\$	295,828	\$	538	\$	-	\$	296,366	
Cost of sales		900,846		-		-		900,846	
Other expenses		746,790		87,978		-		834,768	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$	1,943,464	\$	88,516	\$		\$	2,031,980	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES	8								
OVER EXPENDITURES	\$	239,207	\$	113,335	\$	10,253	\$	362,795	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Premium on obligations issued	\$	-	\$		\$	4,609	\$	4,609	
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING				_		_			
SOURCES (USES)	\$		\$		\$	4,609	\$	4,609	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	239,207	\$	113,335	\$	14,862	\$	367,404	
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING									
OF YEAR		600,550		113,089		1,220,081		1,933,720	
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR	\$	839,757	\$	226,424	\$	1,234,943	\$	2,301,124	

BROCKPORT CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK

Net Investment in Capital Assets/Right to Use Assets

For The Year Ended June 30, 2023

Capital assets/right to use assets, net			\$ 80,797,688
Add:	ф	707.264	
Unspent bond proceeds		707,264	707,264
Deduct:			
Bond payable	\$	26,045,000	
Retainage payable		92,815	
			 26,137,815
Net Investment in Capital Assets/ Right to Use Assets			\$ 55,367,137

BROCKPORT CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

For The Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Assistance	Pass-Through		
Grantor / Pass - Through Agency	Listing	Agency		Total
Federal Award Cluster / Program	<u>Number</u>	<u>Number</u>	Ex	<u>penditures</u>
U.S. Department of Education:				
Passed Through NYS Education Department -				
Special Education Cluster IDEA -				
Special Education - Grants to States (IDEA, Part B)	84.027	0032-23-0387	\$	1,107,417
Special Education - Preschool Grants (IDEA Preschool)	84.173	0033-23-0387		41,626
ARP - Special Education - Grants to				
States (IDEA, Part B)	84.027X	5532-22-1405		174,786
ARP - Special Education - Preschool				
Grants (IDEA Preschool)	84.173X	5533-22-1405		19,781
Total Special Education Cluster IDEA			\$	1,343,610
Education Stabilization Fund -				
ARP - Homeless II-COVID-19	84.425W	5218-21-1405	\$	687
ARP - ESSER 3-COVID-19	84.425U	5880-21-1405		1,425,388
ARP - SLR Comprehensive After School-COVID-19	84.425U	5883-21-1405		47,518
ARP - SLR Learning Loss -COVID-19	84.425U	5884-21-1405		112,429
CRRSA - ESSER 2-COVID-19	84.425D	5891-21-1405		385,747
CRRSA - GEER 2-COVID-19	84.425C	5896-21-1405		43,276
Total Education Stabilization Fund			\$	2,015,045
Title IIA - Supporting Effective Instruction State Grant	84.367	0147-22-1405		25,755
Title IIA - Supporting Effective Instruction State Grant	84.367	0147-23-1405		115,449
Title IV - Student Support and Enrichment Program	84.424	0204-22-1405		12,463
Title IV - Student Support and Enrichment Program	84.424	0204-23-1405		13,325
Title I - Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	0021-22-1405		185,814
Title I - Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	0021-23-1405		578,797
Total U.S. Department of Education			\$	4,290,258
U.S. Department of Homeland Security:				
Passed through NYS Homeland Security Emergency Services	<u>; -</u>			
Federal Emergency Disaster Assistance	97.036	055-047AE-00	\$	396,986
Total U.S. Department of Homeland Security				
Passed Through NYS Education Department -				
Child Nutrition Cluster -				
National School Lunch Program	10.555	261801060000	\$	833,014
National School Lunch Program-Non-Cash				
Assistance (Commodities)	10.555	261801060000		164,735
Supply Chain Assistance-COVID-19	10.555	261801060000		159,004
National School Breakfast Program	10.553	261801060000		270,838
Total Child Nutrition Cluster			\$	1,427,591
P-EBT Grant	10.649	261801060000		3,140
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			\$	1,430,731
TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARI	OS		\$	6,117,975



Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

Independent Auditors' Report

To the Board of Education Brockport Central School District, New York

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Brockport Central School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated October 16, 2023.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Brockport Central School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Mongel, Metzger, Barn & Co. LLP

Rochester, New York October 16, 2023